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Former Agent Seeking Reversal Of Ruling,

Barring Book On CIA

By James P, Day

A former employe of the Central Intelligence Agency asked a federal appeals court here yesterday to reverse a lower court decision enjoining him from publishing a book about the ultra-secret activities of the

In a case that could lead to a his freedom of the press rights.

Amendment rights by having testimony behind closed doors branch of the government. them sign oaths promising not to divulge classified informa-

Termed Secret

During the hour-long hearing before three judges from the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals, Irwin Goldbloom, a Justice Department attorney, contended that secrecy agreements signed by Mr. Marchetti in 1955 and 1959 are binding contracts forbidding him from revealing classified information.

"In our opinion, your honors, this case is merely a contract case," Mr. Goldbloom said in using the same line of argument that was successful before Judge Albert V. Bryan, Jr., a Virginia federal judge who issued the injunction May 19.

Judge Bryan had ruled that: Marchetti, who rose through the CIA ranks to a position of assistant to the deputy director, had sacrificed his constitutional right to freedom of the press when he signed the secrecy agreements at the start and end of his 14-year tenure with the agency.

However, Mr. Wulf said previous federal court rulings have held that, although employes of private companies may be

forced to waive their rights as on their possible effect on the Neither yesterday's hearing

further lowering of abstract preme Court in the New York bars guarding classified government information, Victor L. a ruling that held the governformation and there are no pro-Marchetti, the former CIA employe, claimed the government and lower courts have violated damage to national security Richard Helms. would result from the airing of

a condition of employment, gov-national security before allow-nor written briefs shed any

employes' First pared for publication and heard handled by the executive deeply involved in "overt activ-

ernmental employes cannot be ing the Times to publish them. light on what information Mr. Under current CIA proce- Marchetti wants to publish in He urged the appeals court to dures, employes and former his nonfiction book nor what follow the decision of the Su- employes must obtain the ap- specific information is con-

However, Mr. Wulf may have: given an indication of the tone ? of the book when he told the Melvin L. Wulf, a New York classified information before day that judges lack the neces- right "to say openly that the Mr. Goldbloom argued yester- judges his client must have the American Civil Liberties Union the publication of such information could be stopped.

In that case, the court representing agency that the federal government cannot the federal government cannot be to such information could be stopped.

In that case, the court representing agency that the sary expertise to safely determine what specific secret information would be harmful and public and Congress never that these questions must be know about" and that it is too deadly involved in the constitution and heard the same agency is too large, that in public and congress never that these questions must be know about and that it is too deadly involved in the constitution and heard the same agency is too large, that in public and congress never that these questions must be know about and that it is too deadly involved in the publication of such information will be stopped. 1 JUN 1972

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Civil liberties group challenges gag on ex-CIA aide's writings

BALTIMORE; May 31 — The American Civil Liberties Union Foundation will argue the appeal of ex-CIA aide Victor L. Marchetti tomorrow (Wedneşday) afternoon before the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit in Baltimore.

The U.S. District Court has issued a permanent injunction forbidding Marchetti from publishing any material "in any manner" without first clearing it with the CIA because of a secrecy agreement between the agency and its aides which bars them from unauthorized disclosure of any information on intelligence activities.

Marchetti has written at least one magazine article and is writing a book critical of the CIA: The ACLU Foundation claims that agreement violates First Amendment rights as a condi-

tion of employment.

Its brief cites also a series of Supreme Court opinions holding that citizens in a democracy have an inalienable right to receive the kind of political information the government is trying to keep secret.

Marchetti's ACLU Foundation attorneys are Melvin L. Wulf. Sanford J. Rosen, John Shattuck and Philip J. Hirschkop. Wulf, ACLU Foundation legal director.

will argue the case.

The action is financed by the ACLU Foundation, an affiliate of. but separate from, the ACLU.